

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO
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Second edition
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Pulps — Determination of drainability — Part 1: Schopper-Riegler method

*Pâtes — Détermination de l'égouttabilité —
Partie 1: Méthode Schopper-Riegler*



Reference number
ISO 5267-1:1999(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO 5267-1 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 6, *Paper, board and pulps*, Subcommittee SC 5, *Test methods and quality specifications for pulp*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 5267-1: 1979), of which it constitutes a minor revision. The main amendment is the addition of ISO 14487 to clause 6 (formerly clause 7) to specify the water used in the test.

ISO 5267 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Pulps — Determination of drainability*:

- *Part 1: Schopper-Riegler method*
- *Part 2: "Canadian Standard" freeness method*

Annexes A and B form an integral part of this part of ISO 5267.